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CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION  
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From Vienna

Letter from Durcansky to Adenauer

".....By order of the Slovak Liberation Committee I am honored to express through you to the German people our gratitude for the hospitality, help, and understanding which tens of thousands of Slovak refugees and German speaking Slovak citizens, victims of the Czecho-Communist terror, have encountered in Germany.

"The expulsion of the German citizens with whom we lived for centuries on terms of mutual respect and friendship, corresponded neither to the desire of the Slovak people, nor was it an action of Slovak politics. It was solely the result of Czech chauvinism, intolerance, and Czech-Communist brutality, and it exacted countless Slovak victims as well.

The attitude of the Slovak Liberation Committee (formerly Slovak Action Committee) was from the very first day clear and opposed. We denounced this expulsion and the committed atrocities immediately upon their perpetration and expressed this attitude in our memoranda to the responsible authorities of the United Nations. We demand legal proceedings against those politicians who are responsible for these atrocities and who fled to the West after February 1948, where they represented themselves as democrats and humanists. For this reason it is obvious for us that at the moment when the forces of barbarous communism and its satellites have been driven back, all those citizens who fled or were expelled should return to the Slovak Republic as citizens with full rights. They will be treated with full equality regardless of their mother language.

(sgd) Prof. Dr. Ferd. DURCANSKY  
Chairman of the Executive  
Committee of the Slovak  
Liberation Committee

Proclamation

Since Czechoslovakia was created after the first World War without consideration of the desire, and even contrary to the desire of a great part of the annexed population

Since the Czechs who formed an actual minority in Czechoslovakia acted throughout her existence contrary to the obligations accepted by them upon foundation of their state, employing immoral and undemocratic methods in order to maintain their predominance over the majority of the population

Since Czechoslovakia after World War I could be revived only with the help of the Red Army and by employing inhuman methods and committing crimes against the majority of the population who opposed the creation of Czechoslovakia

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Since the Czechs voluntarily subjected themselves to the Soviet rule in order to secure their predominance over countries inhabited by other nations with the help of Moscow.

Since the Czechs can uphold their state only by systematic and gross violations of the democratic principles and laws of humanity and liberty, in consequence of which Czechoslovakia cannot fulfill her mission as a constitutional state, and since the Czechs abandoned their state without the least resistance twice within 30 years (which proves the Czechoslovakia's artificial structure has no natural basis to fulfill the function of a state in international terms)

Since the existence of Czechoslovakia hinders consolidation and is inconsistent with the realization of the principles of democracy and liberty in Central Europe

We, the representatives of the Slovakian and Sudeten-German nations who live in the free world, deem it necessary to issue the following proclamation:

#### PROCLAMATION

(1) We protest against the fact that people who sold the interest of the Christian civilization and Europe to the Soviets, who helped Moscow to subject Central Europe and the anti-communist resistance by committing crimes against humanity and the principles of liberty, want to decide the fate of our home country in the name of our nation.

(2) We demand the realization of the principles of liberty, democracy, and morality when establishing new political conditions in Central Europe in order to establish a political stability which would make Central Europe the basis for European prosperity and a mainstay of world peace.

(3) Our people have the same right to live a free life and govern their fate as do the Czechs. We therefore reject all attempts of the Czechs to re-establish Czechoslovakia in anyway and brand such attempts as immoral.

(4) We protest that certain political components and international institutions support the efforts for an erection of Czechoslovakia while pleading democratic principles. We will do everything in our power to fight such efforts and the methods applied and to unmask attempts at oppressing our nations.

(5) The Slovaks, as any other nation, have the right to live in their own state, the Slovakian Republic, and the Sudeten-Germans to determine their own fate. Only thus will it be possible to arrive at conditions which guarantee the cooperation and welfare of all nations of Central Europe and international peace.

DURCANSKY  
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NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT  
DATE 2003 2008

ABSTRACT OF DOCUMENT BEING CROSS FILED			CROSS FILED BY
FILE NO. 100-130-2	SOURCE State F	DATE OF DOCUMENT 21 June 1949	ANALYST C
SUBJECT Formation of Slovak Liberation Committee			DATE 1 July 54
PERTINENT INFORMATION TOMIC Material State No. 1032 From American Embassy London, England, Signed by William G. Trimble, First Secretary of the Embassy  Sir: I have the honor to inform the Department that the Embassy has just recieved a letter from Dr. Ferdinand DURCANSKY, President of the Slovak Action Committee, a Slovak emigre group with separatist aspirations, stating that the Committee has been reorganized " on a larger democratic basis of political representation" and that it will hereafter be known as the Slovak Liberation Committee. Decision to make this change was reached at a meeting held in Buenos Aires March 12, 1949 attended by representatives of four Slovak political groups namely the Peasant, National, Recovery and Labor Parties. Dr. Stanislev Meciar was elected President of the General Assembly of the Committee and Dr. DURCANSKY was chosen as President of the Executive Council. Dr. Anton Bugan will act as Secretary-General. ..... THAT IS ALL THE PERTINENT INFO ON SUBJECT IN THE DOCUMENT. TAKEN VERBATIM.  PERMISSION TO INCLUDE IN ** Analyst Note: This permission granted Stamp does not need to be filled out for this case. DATE 21 July 54 CROSS-REFERENCE FORM FILE THIS FORM IN FILE NO. C 2			

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